

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

**Please replace the paragraph at page 3, lines 11-18, with the following amended paragraph:**

--To this end, the present invention comprises a WebDAV redirector and related components that receive requests directed to a WebDAV server, and take actions to handle the request locally or remotely as appropriate. For example, the WebDAV redirector and related components support I/O requests and network requests directed to WebDAV servers identified by URI (Universal Resource Identifier) names, or by a drive that may be mapped to a WebDAV share.--

**Please replace the paragraph at page 11, lines 1-23, with the following amended paragraph:**

--example, hard disk drive 141 is illustrated as storing operating system 144, application programs 145, other program modules 146 and program data 147. Note that these components can either be the same as or different from operating system 134, application programs 136, other program modules 137, and program data 138. Operating system 144, application programs 145, other program modules 146, and program data 147 are given different numbers herein to illustrate that, at a minimum, they are different copies. A user may enter commands and information into the computer ~~[[20]]~~ 110 through input devices such as a tablet (electronic digitizer) 164, a microphone 163, a keyboard 162 and pointing device 161, commonly referred to as mouse, trackball or touch pad. Other input devices (not shown) may include a joystick, game pad, satellite dish, scanner, or the like. These and other input devices are often connected to the processing unit 120 through a user input interface 160 that is coupled to the system bus, but may be connected by other interface and bus structures, such as a parallel port, game port or a universal serial bus (USB). A monitor 191 or other type of display device is also connected to the system bus 121 via an interface, such as a video interface 190. The monitor 191 may also be integrated with a touch-screen panel or the like. Note that the monitor and/or--

**Please replace the paragraph at page 29, lines 1-6, with the following amended paragraph:**

--files ~~[[242]]~~ 240). When the file data is received, the Internet transport component ~~[[200]]~~ 220 will cache the retrieved file data via the local file system 244 (e.g., NTFS, which may correspond to the file system 135 of FIG. 1) to that specified location 240, rather than, for example, to a regular folder or the cache used for normal Internet content retrieval.--

**Please replace the paragraph at page 33, lines 8-19, with the following amended paragraph:**

--Eventually, the application 200 will request closing of the file, as detected by step 512, which then branches to step 516. Note that for efficiency, the kernel mode redirector 212 can track whether at least one write request or other (e.g., property) change occurred, so that if not (whereby the file did not possibly change), via step 516, the identical file need not be put back on the WebDAV server 218. However, if modified as detected at step 516, to preserve the file on the WebDAV server 218, at the time of file close, the kernel mode redirector 212 will ~~[[issues]]~~ issue a PUT request to upload the file content to the WebDAV server 218, via the user mode redirector 214 and Internet transport component 220.--

**Please replace the paragraph at page 48, lines 1-12, with the following amended paragraph:**

--reads and writes. For these operations, NTFS 244 recognizes the access level and does not call the encryption EFS linked library ~~[[247]]~~ 847 to look up a key for this file, nor o decrypt reads nor encrypt writes. The only operations allowed on a file opened via this interface are file controls. Thus, an EFSReadRawFile() API allows the user to read the data from the file, including the encryption metadata, as a contiguous opaque stream, which can then be sent to the WebDAV server. The EFSWriteRawFile() API allows the user to write a contiguous opaque stream received from a WebDAV server to an NTFS disk volume, including the encryption metadata of an encrypted file.--